Corrigendum to "Dysconnectivity of neurocognitive networks at rest in very-preterm born adults" (NeuroImage: Clinical (2014) 4 (352–365), (S2213158214000060), (10.1016/j.nicl.2014.01.005))
Research output: Contribution to journal › Comment/debate › peer-review

White matter alterations to cingulum and fornix following very preterm birth and their relationship with cognitive functions
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

White matter microstructural organization is higher with age in adult superior cerebellar peduncles
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Genome-wide discovered psychosis-risk gene ZNF804A impacts on white matter microstructure in health, schizophrenia and bipolar disorder
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Alterations in cortical thickness development in preterm-born individuals: Implications for high-order cognitive functions
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Subregional hippocampal morphology and psychiatric outcome in adolescents who were born very preterm and at term
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Eating disorder psychopathology, brain structure, neuropsychological correlates and risk mechanisms in very preterm young adults
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Functional neuroanatomy of executive function after neonatal brain injury in adults who were born very preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Road work on memory lane-Functional and structural alterations to the learning and memory circuit in adults born very preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Preterm birth and structural brain alterations in early adulthood
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review
Gender influence on white matter microstructure: a tract-based spatial statistics analysis
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Dysconnectivity of neurocognitive networks at rest in very-preterm born adults
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Preterm birth and adolescent social functioning-alterations in emotion-processing brain areas
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Ectodermal markers of early developmental impairment in very preterm individuals
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Gender Differences in White Matter Microstructure
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Neonatal Brain Injury and Neuroanatomy of Memory Processing following Very Preterm Birth in Adulthood: An fMRI Study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Association between hippocampal volume and P300 event related potential in psychosis: Support for the Kraepelinian divide
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

White Matter and Cognition in Adults Who Were Born Preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Structural covariance in the cortex of very preterm adolescents: a voxel-based morphometry study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Very preterm adolescents show gender-dependent alteration of the structural brain correlates of spelling abilities
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Long-term maternal recall of obstetric complications in schizophrenia research
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review
Erratum: Ketamine-induced disruption of verbal self-monitoring linked to superior temporal activation (Pharmacopsychiatry (2011) 44 (33-38))
Research output: Contribution to journal › Comment/debate › peer-review

Atlasing location, asymmetry and inter-subject variability of white matter tracts in the human brain with MR diffusion tractography
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

COMT gene polymorphism and corpus callosum morphometry in preterm born adults
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Neonatal Ultrasound Results Following Very Preterm Birth Predict Adolescent Behavioral and Cognitive Outcome
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

CANNABIS USE AND WHITE MATTER MICROSTRUCTURE IN ADULTS BORN VERY PRETERM
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Ketamine-Induced Disruption of Verbal Self-Monitoring Linked to Superior Temporal Activation
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

A functional MRI study of verbal fluency in adults with bipolar disorder and their unaffected relatives
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

The corpus callosum and empathy in adults with a history of preterm birth
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

The Very Preterm Brain in Young Adulthood: The Neural Correlates of Verbal Paired Associate Learning
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Preterm babies grown up: understanding a hidden public health problem
Research output: Contribution to journal › Editorial › peer-review

Does the Dysbindin gene influence hippocampal volume in psychosis?
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract
EFFECTS OF CATECHOL-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE VAL158MET ON GREY MATTER VOLUME IN ADOLESCENTS BORN PRETERM
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Effect of olig2 in white matter integrity in healthy subjects and patients with schizophrenia
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Psychosis biological markers and their genetic influences
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

The effect of COMT, BDNF, 5-HTT, NRG1 and DTNBP1 genes on hippocampal and lateral ventricular volume in psychosis
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Neural substrates of letter fluency processing in young adults who were born very preterm: Alterations in frontal and striatal regions
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Neural substrates of visual paired associates in young adults with a history of very preterm birth: Alterations in fronto-parieto-occipital networks and caudate nucleus
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Diffusion tensor MRI of the corpus callosum and cognitive function in adults born preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

The Neural Basis of Response Inhibition and Attention Allocation as Mediated by Gestational Age
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

CANNABIS SMOKING AND WHITE MATTER IN HEALTHY VOLUNTEERS
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Prepulse Inhibition in Psychotic and Nonpsychotic Adults with the 22q11 Deletion Syndrome
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract
Schizophrenia, cancer and imprinting: early nutritional influences
Research output: Contribution to journal › Letter › peer-review

Personality in young adults who are born preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

A voxel-based DTI analysis of illness, duration and medication in schizophrenia
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Cerebellar white matter tractography and intellectual function in healthy 19 year-olds
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Neuropsychological performance and the volume of the whole brain and lateral ventricles in young adults born very preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Vermis and lateral lobes of the cerebellum in adolescents born very preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Effects of ketamine on prefrontal and striatal regions in an overt verbal fluency task: a functional magnetic resonance imaging study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Hyperactivity in adolescents born very preterm is associated with decreased caudate volume
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Frontal lobe functioning in those born pre-term
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Brain volumes in adult survivors of very low birthweight: a sibling-controlled study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Effects of very low birthweight on brain structure in adulthood.
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review
Ketamine alters neural processing of facial emotion recognition in healthy men: an FMRI study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Personality dimensions in young adults born preterm and their relation to schizophrenia
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Two pathways to ventriculomegaly - Haemorrhage and heritage
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Low dose ketamine increases prepulse inhibition in healthy men
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Ketamine alters neural processing of facial emotion recognition in healthy men: an fMRI study
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Ketamine and fMRI BOLD signal: Distinguishing between effects mediated by change in blood flow versus change in cognitive state.
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

'K' for ketamine: An fMRI study of the neural correlates of a ketamine-induced psychotic state on word generation
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Frequency of serious psychiatric adverse events with efavirenz
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

The adult pattern of neurological signs associated with very preterm birth and their neuroimaging correlates
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

An fMRI study of the effects of ketamine on cognitive function
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract › peer-review

Neuropsychological profile of young adults born preterm
Research output: Contribution to journal › Meeting abstract

Schizophrenia: a neurodevelopmental or neurodegenerative disorder?
The effects of low-dose ketamine on sensorimotor gating, cognitive performance, and perception in healthy men
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

A simple FMRI paradigm for mapping the major components of the human motor system
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

FMRI during "unpleasant" odour stimulation: Normative data
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Functional MRI during "pleasant" odour stimulation: Normative data
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

Functional MR imaging during odor stimulation: Preliminary data
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › peer-review

The above report is produced using the following setup
Ordered by: null